

CHAPTER 1

InFocus

RESOURCE LEVELLING

In a perfect world you will always have enough resources to complete the tasks in your project. The problem is that the world isn't always perfect and you will not always have enough resources for the work you've scheduled. This is known as **over-allocation**.

Resources become **over allocated** in a project when they are scheduled to do more work than can be accomplished in the specified time. Resource levelling resolves any over allocations which exist in your project.

Microsoft Project gives you two options when levelling – letting Microsoft Project level the schedule for you or resolving the resource over allocations yourself.

In this session you will:

- ✓ gain an understanding of resource over allocations
- ✓ learn how to create resource chaos in a project
- ✓ learn how to track down resource over allocations using the **Resource Graph**
- ✓ learn how to check **Resource Usage** for over allocations
- ✓ learn how to create an over allocated resources report
- ✓ learn how to change work effort to fix over allocations
- ✓ gain an understanding of assigning overtime to resources
- ✓ learn how to assign overtime to fix over allocations
- ✓ learn how to assign contract labour to fix over allocations
- ✓ learn how to switch work assignments to fix over allocations
- ✓ learn how to reschedule tasks to fix over allocations.

UNDERSTANDING RESOURCE LEVELLING

Levelling refers to the even allocation of resources. When you assign more resources to a task than you have available the resource is said to be **over-allocated** and requires levelling.

Sometimes over-allocation is also referred to as a resource conflict – you simply have too much work for a resource to do.

Resolving Resource Conflict Using Levelling

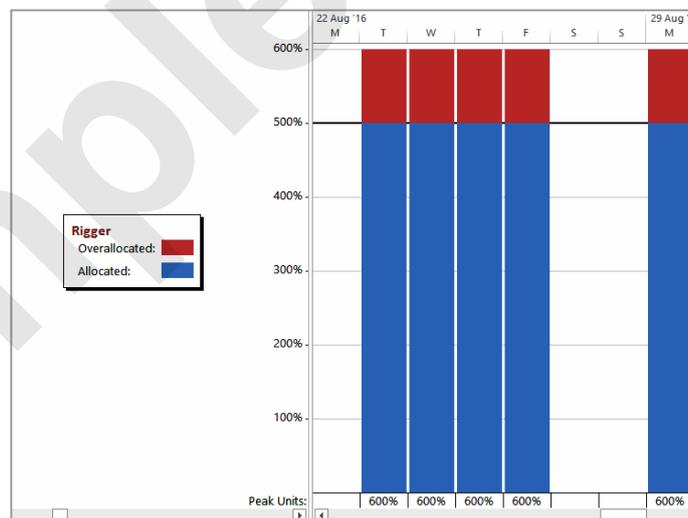
Resource conflicts occur normally when you are entering the resources against the tasks. You may not have noticed that the same resource is required in more than one place. However, because Microsoft Project is constantly recalculating the start and finish dates it is able to provide you with accurate details about these overlaps, or **over-allocations**, in work commitments.

The process of resolving these over-allocations is called **levelling** (although Project spells it as *Leveling*). This term stems from the fact that in a perfect project all of your resources will be spread evenly, or flatly, across the scope of tasks. An over-allocation suggests that you have a bump or peak usage that needs to be ironed out.

Project has a special **Resource Graph** view as shown below which demonstrates this concept of over-allocation and levelling.

In the graph the thicker line at 500% indicates that this is the maximum units that we have in the resource pool. Any bar above this line indicates an over-allocation of resources. This peaking needs to be eliminated.

Microsoft Project provides you with the ability to automatically or manually level over-allocations.



If you choose **automatic levelling** Microsoft Project will attempt to resolve the conflict for you. Usually this is done by **slipping** the task dates out. It does this by adding delay to the tasks so that resources are not required at the same time. However, with automatic levelling you do forfeit control over your project. Most people prefer to resolve over-allocations manually.

This can be done by:

- **moving a task** that has an over-allocated resource within the project so that the task dates are changed to a date when the resource is free
- **increasing the maximum units** of the resource (usually by hiring or seconding additional staff)
- **assigning a different resource** that is currently free to the task
- **assigning overtime**
- **extending working days** on the calendar used by the resource so that more time is available to work on the tasks.

Obviously not all of these options are practical. For example, if you have a deadline to meet, slipping the task dates by moving the task further down the timeframe is not good. In this circumstance you may be better off hiring more staff or allocating another resource to the task.

Similarly, if your project is constrained by costs then you may need to slip the dates out rather than hire or buy additional resources or allocate overtime to the task.

CREATING RESOURCE CHAOS

Our case study project is totally sanitised – we have ample resources to complete the required tasks. However, the project manager has just been advised that a second project is to begin

elsewhere and some of the resources he has in the resource pool will be taken away to work on the new project. Having carefully assigned resources to the various tasks this will now wreak chaos.

Try This Yourself:

Open File

Before starting this exercise you **MUST** open the file J1309 Levelling_1.mpp...

1

Click on the **PROJECT** tab and click on **Project Information** in the **Properties** group

The case study project is currently scheduled to finish on Friday April 21...

2

Click on **[OK]** to close the dialog box

3

Click on the **VIEW** tab on the **Ribbon** and click on **Resource Sheet** in the **Resource Views** group

4

Click on 200% in Max for Draftsperson, type 100% and press

5

Hover over the warning icon and read the (less then helpful) message that appears

6

Repeat step 4 and change the number of resource units for the following resources: **Rigger 500%**, **Carpenter 600%**, **Driver 200%**

	Resource Name	Type	Material	Initials	Group	Max.	Std. Rate	Ovt.
1	Architect	Work		Arc	Consultar	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr
2	Draftsperson	Work		Dft	Staff	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr
3	Building Clerk	Work		BC	Staff	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr
4	Supervisor	Work		Sup	Staff	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr
5	Rigger	Work		Rig	Wages	600%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr
6	Boilermaker	Work		BM	Wages	600%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr
7	Welder	Work		Weld	Wages	500%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr
8	Carpenter	Work		Car	Wages	800%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr
9	Painter	Work		Ptr	Wages	500%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr
10	Labourer	Work		Lab	Wages	1,000%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr
11	Driver	Work		Drv	Wages	300%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr

4

This action has effectively halved the drafting resources in your project. Since there were more resources available when you did the initial assignments there are now times when the resource is over committed. Our committed (allocated) resources appear in red. A warning icon appears in the left column.

	Resource Name	Type	Material	Initials	Group	Max.	Std. Rate	Ovt.	Cost
1	Architect	Work		Arc	Consultar	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
2	Draftsperson	Work		Dft	Staff	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
3	Building Clerk	Work		BC	Staff	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
4	Supervisor	Work		Sup	Staff	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
5	Rigger	Work		Rig	Wages	500%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
6	Boilermaker	Work		BM	Wages	600%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
7	Welder	Work		Weld	Wages	500%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
8	Carpenter	Work		Car	Wages	600%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
9	Painter	Work		Ptr	Wages	500%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
10	Labourer	Work		Lab	Wages	1,000%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
11	Driver	Work		Drv	Wages	200%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
12	No Barrier Fencing	Work		NBF	Contractc	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
13	Rock Solid Concrete	Work		RSC	Contractc	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	
14	Listen For Audio	Work		LCA	Contractc	100%	\$0.00/hr	\$0.00/hr	

6

For Your Reference...

To **create resource chaos**:

1. Reduce the number of units of a resource(!)

Handy to Know...

- Over-allocations occur when more resources are assigned to a task than there are units in the resource pool. For example, Microsoft Project will allow you to assign 10 carpenters to a task even though only 5 exist in the resource pool.

TRACKING DOWN OVER ALLOCATIONS

Over allocations aren't immediately apparent – unless they arise when you are changing data in the resource sheet as we have done. Over-allocations can be quite insidious and it is a

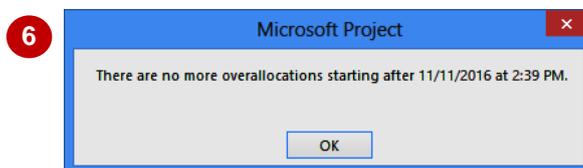
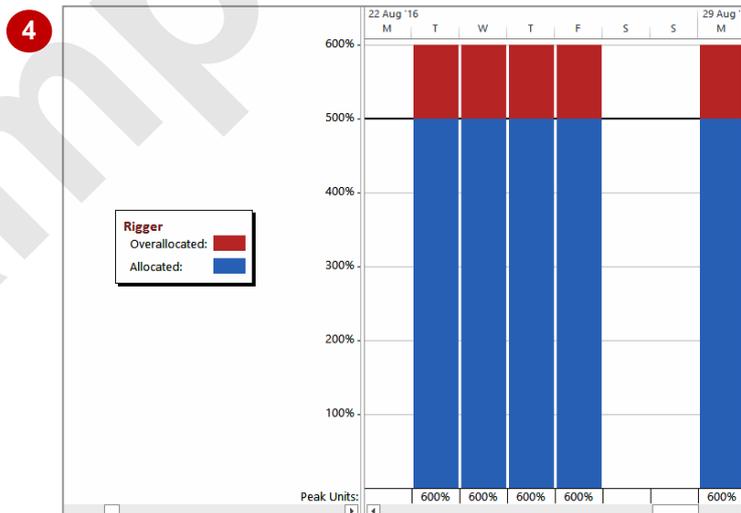
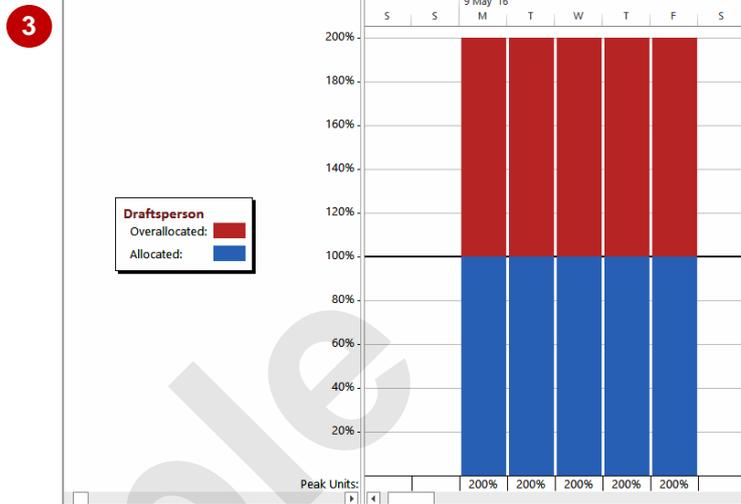
good idea to check the resource pool on a regular basis to see whether there are over-allocations in your project. Remember, over-allocated resources appear bolded red in the resource pool.

Try This Yourself:

Same File

Continue using the previous file with this exercise, or open the file J1309 Levelling_2.mpp...

- 1 Click on the **VIEW** tab, click on **Other Views** in the **Resource Views** group and click on **Resource Graph**
- 2 Press **Ctrl** + **Home**, then **Alt** + **Home**
- 3 Press **Pg Dn** until the **Draftsperson** comes into view
This resource is over-allocated as indicated by the colouring of the name and in the chart...
- 4 Press **Pg Dn** until you can see the **Rigger** and press **Alt** + **Home** to return to the start of the project
- 5 Click on the **RESOURCE** tab and click on **Next Overallocation** in the **Level** group to see the over allocation for the **Riggers**
- 6 Click on **Next Overallocation** again and you will be advised that there are no more over-allocations for this resource
- 7 Click on **[OK]**
- 8 Repeat steps 4 to 7 with the **Carpenter** resource



For Your Reference...

To **display over-allocations** as a **chart**:

1. Click on the **VIEW** tab, click on **Other Views** in the **Resource Views** group and click on **Resource Graph**
2. Click on the over allocated resource
3. Click on the **Resource** tab and click on the **Next Overallocation** command

Handy to Know...

- In versions prior to Microsoft Project 2010, a message would appear in the status bar at the bottom of the screen to indicate that resources needed to be levelled. This no longer appears in Project.

CHECKING RESOURCE USAGE

Another great way of tracking over allocations, and more importantly the extent of over allocation, is through the **Resource Usage** view. This view presents a sheet to the left which is

organised in order of resources and the tasks that they are working on. To the right is a timeline view which shows the hours the resource works. Over allocated resources appear in red colouring.

Try This Yourself:

Same File

Continue using the previous file with this exercise, or open the file J1309 Levelling_3.mpp...

- 1 Click on the **VIEW** tab and click on **Resource Usage** in **Resource Views**
- 2 Press **Ctrl** + **Home** to move to the top of the resource list
- 3 Scroll to and click on **Draftsperson**, click on the **TASK** tab and click on **Scroll to Task** in the **Editing** group
- 4 Scroll to and click on **Rigger** and click on **Scroll to Task** in the **Editing** group

Resource Name		Work	Add New Column	Details	5 Aug '13				
					S	M	T	W	T
	Unassigned	0 hrs		Work					
	Planning Con	0 hrs		Work					
	Site Works Cc	0 hrs		Work					
	Building Cons	0 hrs		Work					
	Fit Out Comp	0 hrs		Work					
	Obtain safety	0 hrs		Work					
	Official openi	0 hrs		Work					
	Commissionii	0 hrs		Work					
1	Architect	165.5 hrs		Work					
	Create archit	112.5 hrs		Work					
	Submit plans	8 hrs		Work					

2

Resource Name		Work	Add New Column	Details	9 May '16				
					M	T	W	T	F
	Obtain offic	7.5 hrs		Work					
2	Draftsperson	273.75 hrs		Work	15h	15h	15h	15h	15h
	Create archit	225 hrs		Work	15h	15h	15h	15h	15h
	Order materi	48.75 hrs		Work					
3	Building Clerk	54.38 hrs		Work	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h
	Create archit	28.13 hrs		Work	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h
	Order materi	18.75 hrs		Work					
	Obtain offic	7.5 hrs		Work					
4	Supervisor	731.25 hrs		Work					
	Erect site buil	30 hrs		Work					
	Clear and lev	112.5 hrs		Work					

3

Resource Name		Work	Add New Column	Details	T	W	T	F	S
	Test control r	37.5 hrs		Work					
	Obtain offic	7.5 hrs		Work					
5	Rigger	187.5 hrs		Work	45h	45h	45h	45h	
	Erect steelwo	2,700 hrs		Work	45h	45h	45h	45h	
	Install roofin	375 hrs		Work					
	Install roofin	75 hrs		Work					
	Test roof mec	37.5 hrs		Work					
6	Boilermaker	3,450 hrs		Work	45h	45h	45h	45h	
	Erect steelwo	2,700 hrs		Work	45h	45h	45h	45h	
	Install roofin	375 hrs		Work					
	Install roofin	75 hrs		Work					

4

For Your Reference...

To **check** for **over-allocations** in **resource usage**:

1. Click on the **VIEW** tab and click on **Resource Usage** in the **Resource Views** group
2. Scroll to over-allocated resources

Handy to Know...

- At the time of writing, we found that the **Next Overalllocation** command (to move to the task in the timeline) in the **Resource Usage** view had an erratic and inconsistent bug – but only when used in **Resource Usage** view.

CREATING AN OVER ALLOCATION REPORT

Microsoft Project contains a number of in-built and pre-defined reports which help you locate all sorts of information about, and problems in, your project. One such report, the **Overallocated**

Resources report, lists all of the resources that are over allocated in your project and which tasks contain those over allocations. This is a handy report to use when levelling your project.

Try This Yourself:

Same File

Continue using the previous file with this exercise, or open the file J1309 Levelling_3.mpp...

1 Click on the **REPORT** tab and click on **Resources** in the **View Reports** group to display a list of reports

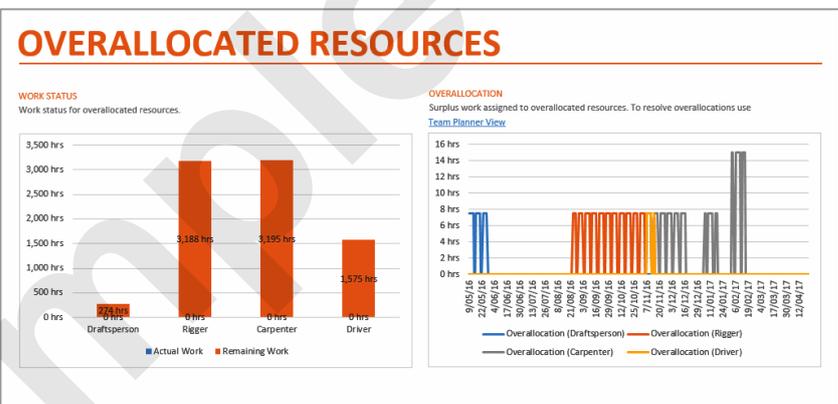
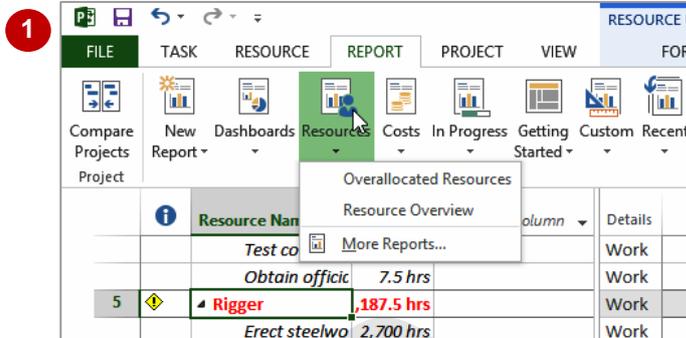
2 Click on **Overallocated Resources** to display the report

The report shows which resources are over allocated and when the over allocations occur...

3 Click on the **FILE** tab and click on **Print**

4 Click on **[Print]** to print the report

5 Click on the **VIEW** tab and click on **Resource Usage** in the **Resource Views** group



For Your Reference...

To create an **over-allocated resources report**:

1. Click on the **REPORT** tab and click on **Resources** in the **View Reports** group
2. Click on **Overallocated Resources**

Handy to Know...

- It is a good idea to print the over-allocated resources report before commencing levelling operations so that you know the road and the task ahead of you.

FIX 1: CHANGING WORK EFFORT

There is no right or wrong way to level over-allocations – the methods that you choose are determined by the nature of your project. The best way to tackle over-allocations is one at a

time. We'll start with the Draftsperson. We identified a work requirement for two draftspersons to create the architectural plans. It has been decided that there is only enough work for one.

Try This Yourself:

Same File

Continue using the previous file with this exercise, or open the file J1309 Levelling_3.mpp...

- 1 Click on the **VIEW** tab and click on **Resource Usage** in the **Resource Views** group
- 2 Scroll to and click on **Draftsperson**, click on the **TASK** tab and click on **Scroll to Task** in the **Editing** group
- 3 Click on **Gantt Chart** to see a **Gantt Chart** view
- 4 Point to the information icon next to **Create architectural plans**, right-click on it and click on **Fix in Task Inspector**
- 5 Click on **[Reduce Work]** to remove the over-allocation
- 6 Click on **Create architectural plans** and click on **Details** in the **Properties** group to see a task form in the lower pane of the screen
Notice that the hours for the draftsperson show 112.5h (3w x 37.5h)...
- 7 Click on the close button of the **Task Inspector**

		Resource Name	Work	Add New Column	Details	9 May '16				
						M	T	W	T	F
		Obtain offic...	7.5 hrs		Work					
2		Draftsperson	273.75 hrs		Work	15h	15h	15h	15h	15h
		Create archi...	225 hrs		Work	15h	15h	15h	15h	15h
		Order materi...	48.75 hrs		Work					
3		Building Clerk	54.38 hrs		Work	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h
		Create archi...	28.13 hrs		Work	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h
		Order materi...	18.75 hrs		Work					
		Obtain offic...	7.5 hrs		Work					
4		Supervisor	731.25 hrs		Work					
		Erect site buil	30 hrs		Work					
		Clear and levi	112.5 hrs		Work					

		Resource Name	Work	Add New Column	Details	9 May '16				
						M	T	W	T	F
		Obtain offic...	7.5 hrs		Work					
2		Draftsperson	273.75 hrs		Work	15h	15h	15h	15h	15h
		Create archi...	225 hrs		Work	15h	15h	15h	15h	15h
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3		Building Clerk	54.38 hrs		Work	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h
		Create archi...	28.13 hrs		Work	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h	1.88h
		Order materi...	18.75 hrs		Work					
		Obtain offic...	7.5 hrs		Work					
4		Supervisor	731.25 hrs		Work					
		Erect site buil	30 hrs		Work					
		Clear and levi	112.5 hrs		Work					

2 The problem here is that the task **Create architectural plans** requires/shows 15 hours of draftsperson work on most days – since a day is 7.5 hours this means that there is a requirement for 2 draftsperson.

GANTT CHART

Task Mode	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	T	F	S	S	M	T	W
1	Planning	43 days	Mon 9/05/16	Wed 6/07/16							
2	Create architectural plans	3 wks	Mon 9/05/16	Fri 27/05/16							
3	Submit plans for	1 mon	Mon 30/05/16	Fri 24/06/16							

DETAILS FORM

Name: Create architectural plans Duration: 3 wks Effort driven Manually Scheduled Previous Next

Dates: Start: Mon 9/05/16 Finish: Fri 27/05/16 Constraint: As Soon As Possible Task type: Fixed Units WBS code: 1.1

Current Baseline Actual Priority: 500 % Complete: 0%

ID	Resource Name	Units	Work	ID	Predecessor Name	Type	Lag
1	Architect	100%	112.5h				
2	Draftsperson	100%	112.5h				
3	Building Clerk	25%	28.13h				

6

For Your Reference...

To **resolve over-allocation** by **changing work effort**:

1. Right-click on the icon next to the task with the over-allocation and click on **Fix in Task Inspector**
2. Click on **[Reduce Work]** to remove the over allocation

Handy to Know...

- If you know that reducing the Work will fix an over-allocation, you could manually type the desired hours in the Work field for the resource rather than using the **Task Inspector**.

UNDERSTANDING OVERTIME

You can reduce the overall duration of a resource assignment in a task by assigning **overtime** to the resource. The total work for the assigned resources remains the same, but the task

duration is reduced. In Microsoft Project overtime is defined as the work scheduled to take place beyond the regular working hours of the resource.

The Effect of Overtime On Task Duration

We have an over-allocation with the riggers. As you'll soon see this is only in one task – erecting the steelwork. In our case study there is a specific amount of work to be done on this. The riggers prepare and assemble some of the steelwork units that are then lifted into place.

We are actually short one rigger. Scott Harris has decided to overcome this shortfall by assigning overtime to the other riggers – they'll work enough overtime to cover the shortfall of one rigger.

In Microsoft Project assigning overtime can shorten the duration of a task. A task requires a specific amount of work effort by the resources to complete the task within the required duration. The duration of the task is calculated on the basis that the work effort will be done in regular work time.

However, if some of that work effort is done in overtime (that is, outside of **regular work time**) then the duration of the task will shorten – providing effort from other resources doesn't come into play. Consider the table below:

Total Work	Ovt Hours	Reg Work Time	Duration
15h	0h	15h	2 days
15h	3.75h	11.25h	1.5 days

So how does this help us? Well, our task is effort driven. At the moment it requires six riggers per day to complete.

Take one rigger away and the duration will be longer – assuming that the same amount of work needs to be done by the five remaining riggers.

However, by assigning overtime we should be able to pull the duration back to its original amount. This is presented numerically in the form below.

FIX 2: ASSIGNING OVERTIME

To resolve a resource over allocation, you may need to assign **overtime**. By definition, overtime is something that happens outside of the normal working hours. The value in **Work** represents

total hours for a resource. Any value in overtime is subtracted from the total **Work** and this in turn may impact on the task **duration**. Generally, more overtime results in a shorter task duration.

Try This Yourself:

Same File

Continue using the previous file with this exercise, or open the file J1309 Levelling_4.mpp...

- 1 Ensure you have a split screen view, click in the top pane, click on the **VIEW** tab and click on **Resource Usage** in the **Resource Views** group
- 2 Scroll down, click on **Rigger**, click on the **TASK** tab and click on **Scroll to Task** in the **Editing** group
- 3 Click in the lower pane, click on the **FORMAT** tab and click on **Work** in the **Details** group
- 4 Click on **600%** in **Units** for **Rigger**, type **500** and click on **[OK]**
- 5 Click on **0h** in **Ovt. Work** for **Rigger**, type **450h** and click on **[OK]**

Fixed! The task is back to 3 months and the Rigger is no longer over-allocated

The screenshot shows the 'Resource Usage' view for the task 'Erect steelwork'. The task duration is 3.6 months. The 'Task Details' table shows the following data:

ID	Resource Name	Units	Work	Ovt. Work	Baseline Work	Act. Work	Rem. Work
4	Supervisor	50%	225h	0h	0h	0h	225h
5	Rigger	500%	2,700h	0h	0h	0h	2,700h
6	Boilermaker	600%	2,700h	0h	0h	0h	2,700h
7	Welder	500%	2,250h	0h	0h	0h	2,250h
10	Labourer	600%	2,700h	0h	0h	0h	2,700h
11	Driver	200%	900h	0h	0h	0h	900h
18	High Jib Crane	100%	450h	0h	0h	0h	450h
21	Utility	100%	450h	0h	0h	0h	450h

- 4 The duration has pushed out to 3.6 months because the Work for the Riggers (2,700h) is now divided by 5 riggers to derive total work of 540 hours for each rigger. Since there are 150 hours of work per week (37.5 x 5) when you divide the total hours (540h) for a rigger by 150 you get 3.6 months.

The screenshot shows the 'Resource Usage' view for the task 'Erect steelwork' after adjustments. The task duration is now 3 months. The 'Task Details' table shows the following data:

ID	Resource Name	Units	Work	Ovt. Work	Baseline Work	Act. Work	Rem. Work
4	Supervisor	50%	225h	0h	0h	0h	225h
5	Rigger	500%	2,700h	450h	0h	0h	2,700h
6	Boilermaker	600%	2,700h	0h	0h	0h	2,700h
7	Welder	500%	2,250h	0h	0h	0h	2,250h
10	Labourer	600%	2,700h	0h	0h	0h	2,700h
11	Driver	200%	900h	0h	0h	0h	900h
18	High Jib Crane	100%	450h	0h	0h	0h	450h
21	Utility	100%	450h	0h	0h	0h	450h

- 5

For Your Reference...

To assign overtime to a resource:

1. Ensure a **Task Form** appears with the Work format
2. Type the appropriate overtime in the **Ovt. Work** field and click on **[OK]**

Handy to Know...

- Microsoft Project subtracts overtime from total **Work** (2,700 – 450 = 2,250), then divides this by the number of specific resources (2,250 / 5 = 450). This in turn is then divided by the number of hours per week (450 / 150 = 3) to determine how many weeks of work are required by this resource.

FIX 3: HIRING CONTRACT LABOUR

Scott Harris doesn't have enough carpenters to complete some of the work that needs to be done. In times of dire emergency he does have permission to bring in additional contract

tradespeople. We will have to add a new resource to the pool, then assign the resource to the task, being careful that we don't accidentally change the duration due to the effort-driven nature of the task.

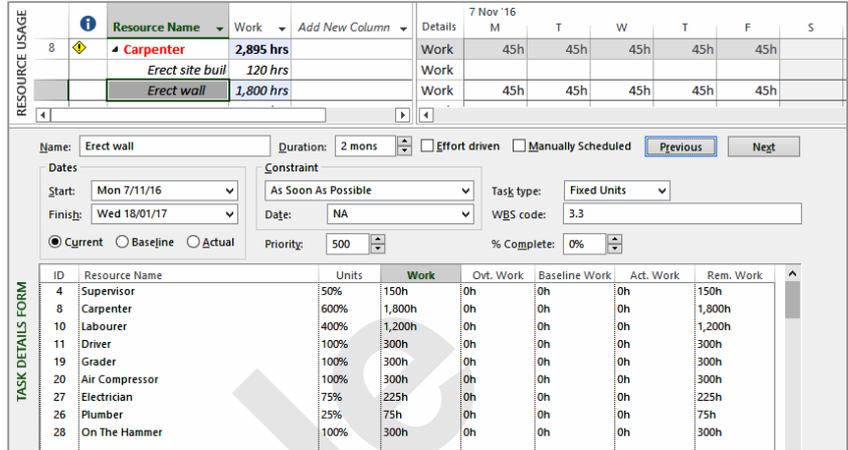
Try This Yourself:

Same File

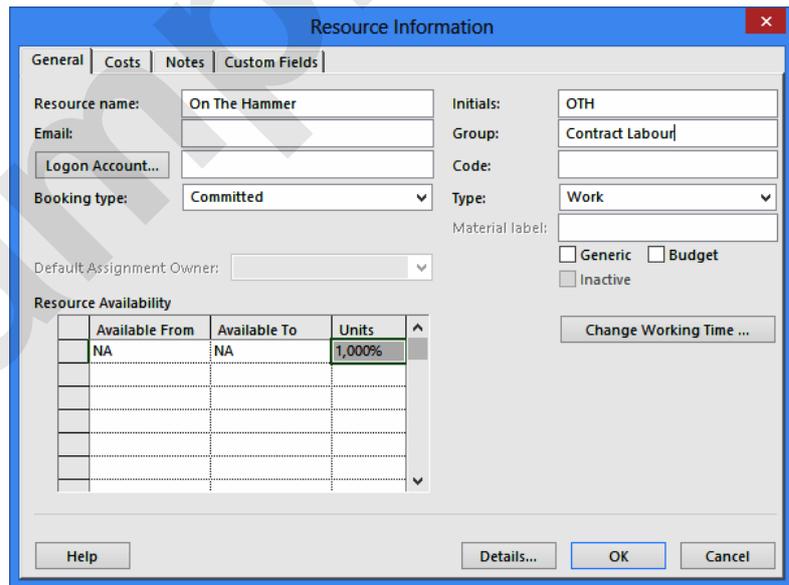
Continue using the previous file with this exercise, or open the file J1309 Levelling_5.mpp...

- 1 Scroll the top pane until the **Carpenter** resource can be seen, click on **Erect wall**, click on the **TASK** tab and click on **Scroll to Task** in the **Editing** group
- 2 Click in **Resource Name** below **Plumber**, type **On The Hammer** and click on **[OK]**

Now we can adjust the carpenters down...
- 3 Click on **700%** in **Units** for **Carpenter** and type **600%**, then click on **2,100h** in **Work** and type **1800**, then click on **[OK]**
- 4 Double-click on **On The Hammer** to display the **Resource Information** dialog box
- 5 Change the **Units** to **1000%**, type **OTH** in **Initials** and type **Contract Labour** in **Group**
- 6 Click on **[OK]**



3



5

For Your Reference...

To **add a new resource** to **cover over-allocations**:

1. Click in **Resource Name**, type the name of the resource and click on **[OK]**
2. Enter the appropriate Work for this new resource, then deduct the same amount from the over-allocated resource

Handy to Know...

- If you have access to an endless supply of contract labour you will be able to enter a large sum units (such as 1000%).

FIX 4: SWITCHING WORK ASSIGNMENTS

The task of erecting the seating tiers requires eight carpenters, but there are only six in the pool. Scott could use the contract labour – but these folks are pricey. So, industrial relations

issues aside, he has decided to give some of the more menial carpentry tasks to the labourers.

Try This Yourself:

Same File

Continue using the previous file with this exercise, or open the file J1309 Levelling_6.mpp...

- 1 Click on **Erect seating tiers** in the upper pane, click on the **TASK** tab, and click on **Scroll to Task** in the **Editing** group
 - 2 Type 600% in Units for Carpenter and type 675h in Work
 - 3 Type 700% in Units for Labourer and type 787.5h in Work
 - 4 Click on **[OK]** to record the revised assignments
- The carpenter resource should no longer appear over allocated

ID	Resource Name	Units	Work	Ovt. Work	Baseline Work	Act. Work	Rem. Work
4	Supervisor	50%	37.5h	0h	0h	0h	37.5h
8	Carpenter	600%	675h	0h	0h	0h	600h
7	Welder	200%	150h	0h	0h	0h	150h
6	Boilermaker	200%	150h	0h	0h	0h	150h
10	Labourer	500%	562.5h	0h	0h	0h	375h
11	Driver	100%	75h	0h	0h	0h	75h
21	Utility	100%	75h	0h	0h	0h	75h
20	Air Compressor	100%	75h	0h	0h	0h	75h

ID	Resource Name	Units	Work	Ovt. Work	Baseline Work	Act. Work	Rem. Work
4	Supervisor	50%	37.5h	0h	0h	0h	37.5h
8	Carpenter	600%	675h	0h	0h	0h	675h
7	Welder	200%	150h	0h	0h	0h	150h
6	Boilermaker	200%	150h	0h	0h	0h	150h
10	Labourer	700%	787.5h	0h	0h	0h	787.5h
11	Driver	100%	75h	0h	0h	0h	75h
21	Utility	100%	75h	0h	0h	0h	75h
20	Air Compressor	100%	75h	0h	0h	0h	75h

For Your Reference...

To **switch work assignments**:

1. Select the task
2. Adjust the units and/or work effort for the over allocated resource
3. Click on **[OK]**

Handy to Know...

- Switching assignments in Microsoft Project is relatively easy to do providing you take into consideration the effort-driven nature of your tasks.

FIX 5: RESCHEDULING TASKS

We have an over-allocation of drivers. This over-allocation has arisen because the resource is required on two different tasks at the same time. Scott doesn't want to use additional resources,

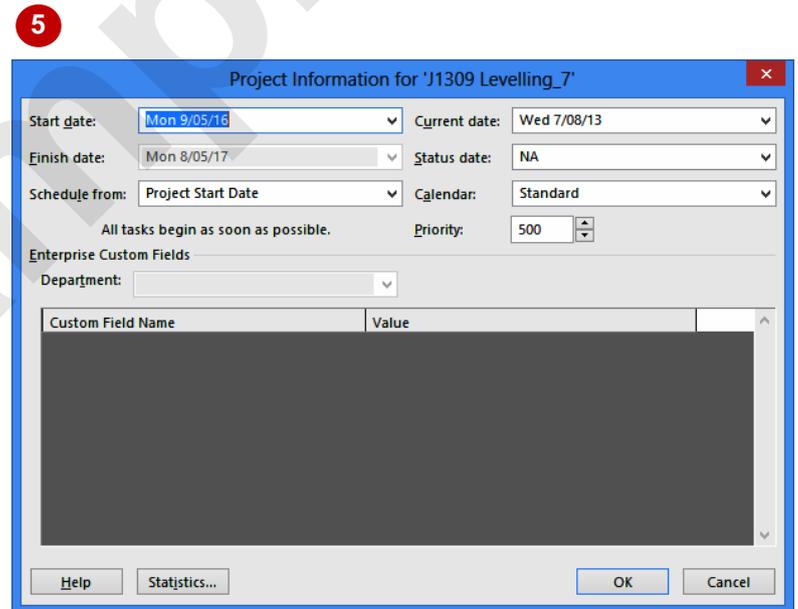
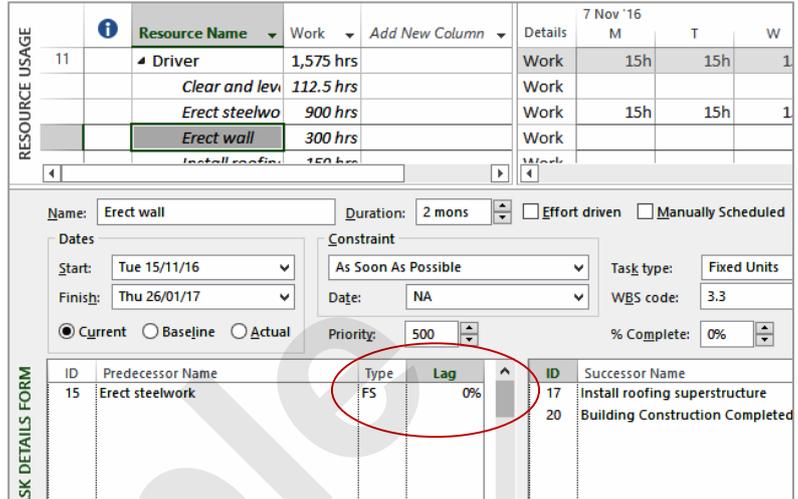
and overtime isn't practical as the work of the driver is required in normal working time. Scott has to reschedule the tasks – but can this be done and still meet the project deadlines and timeframes?

Try This Yourself:

Same File

Continue using the previous file with this exercise, or open the file J1309 Levelling_7.mpp...

- 1 Scroll down in the top pane and click on the **Driver** resource, click on the **TASK** tab and click on **Scroll to Task** in the **Editing** group
- 2 Use the scroll bar below the timeline until red values appear in the **Driver** row
- 3 Click on **Erect wall** in the upper pane, then click on the **Task Form** (lower pane)
- 4 Click on the **FORMAT** tab and click on **Predecessors & Successors**
- 5 Click on **-10%** in **Lag**, type **0** and click on **[OK]** to remove the over allocation
- 6 Click on the **PROJECT** tab and click on **Project Information** in the **Properties** group
The finish date is now Monday May 8...
- 7 Click on **[OK]**
- 8 Double-click on the divider line between the panes, click on the **TASK** tab and click on **Gantt Chart** in the **View** group



For Your Reference...

To **reschedule** an **over-allocated task**:

1. Display the predecessors in a task form
2. Adjust for lag or predecessor relationships

Handy to Know...

- When you want to switch to another view from a combination view, remember to remove the split in the window. For example, double-click on the line between the two panes, then select **Resource Sheet** view to check that all over-allocations have gone.